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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/706,038	11/13/2003	Satoshi Ishikawa	0042-0491P	7110
2292 7590 12/18/2006 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			EXAMINER	
			MAYES, DIONNE WALLS	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1731	
				·
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 12/		12/18/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/706,038	ISHIKAWA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Dionne Walls Mayes	1731
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	opears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC .136(a). In no event, however, may a red d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA	ATION.  ply be timely filed  'HS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 s	September 2006.	
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allows	•	•
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2-6 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acceptable above the application.	awn from consideration.  for election requirement.  her. herecepted or b) objected to be	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		` '
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	, <del>-</del> ·	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Appority documents have been reu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)	nmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date ormal Patent Application 

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

1. Claims 5-6 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In independent claims 5-6, Applicant recites "the percentage of ash content in the surface layer is lower than a total percentage of ash content in the paper"; however, the recitation in the earlier part of the claim already states that "an ash content in a surface layer... is not higher than 35% by mass". Therefore, the former recited phrase appears to be superfluous, and thus unnecessary. It is suggested that this latter phrase be canceled from the claims.

Also, in Applicant's arguments, filed on 9/8/06, it asserts that the amount of ash in the surface layer, of the wrapper paper, is smaller than that in the central portion.

But, the claims, as currently worded, do not convey this feature of the wrapper paper. If this feature is, in fact, what Applicant intends to recite <u>and</u> the feature is supported by the instant specification, the claims need to be amended to reflect such.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 2-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 0791688.

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EP 0791688 discloses all that is recited in the claims since it teaches a wrapper paper for a smoking article, wherein the paper can have a weight of 70 g/m<sup>2</sup>, and a calcium carbonate content of 60% of the paper weight – which means 42 g/m<sup>2</sup> (corresponding to the claimed "at least 30 g/m<sup>2</sup>). The paper also can contain a chemical additive, comprising potassium citrate or sodium citrate, in the amount of from 0.3-10% by weight of the paper (corresponding to the claimed "at least 3% by mass of burn adjusting agent"). While EP 0791688 may not specifically state that an ash content in a surface layer on at least one side of the wrapper paper, or on each of a top side and a bottom side of the wrapper paper, is not higher than 35% by mass, this claim recitation is not deemed to patentably distinguish the claims from the EP reference because where the prior art product is identical or substantially identical in structure or composition, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness has been established. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430,433 (CCPA 1977). In other words, when the structure recited in the reference is substantially identical to that of the claims, the claimed properties or functions are presumed to be inherent. Absent any extrinsic evidence to the contrary, one having ordinary skill in the art would expect that the cigarette wrapper of EP 0791688 would also exhibit the claimed ash parameters, since, structurally, the claimed wrapper paper and that of EP 0791688 are practically identical, in that they both have the same calcium carbonate and burn adjusting agent compositions. Also, while the reference may not specifically state that the ash content in the surface layer is lower than a total ash content of the paper, it follows that this would be the case, since the ash content in the surface layer certainly

couldn't be *more than* a total ash content of the paper. And, its not at all probable, or perhaps even possible, for the ash content in the surface layer to be the <u>same as</u> the total ash content of the paper – absent a showing or suggestion that the paper of EP 0791688 would not have any ash located in any portion of the paper other than the surface layer. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have provided the ash content to be lower in the surface layer than a total ash content of the paper.

# Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 9/8/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- Applicant argues that the EP 0791688 reference fails to teach or suggest an ash content in the surface layer of the wrapper paper being lower than a total ash content of the paper; however, the Examiner disagrees for the reasons stated in the above rejection. Also, see above paragraph 2.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dionne Walls Mayes whose telephone number is (571) 272-1195. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7AM - 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P. Griffin can be reached on (571) 272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Dionne Walls Mayes Primary Examiner Art Unit 1731

December 12, 2006